Proceedings of the 25th Anniversary Scientific Conference of NARA on Tropical Aquatic Research Towards Sustainable Development

An overview of recent physico-chemical information of the waters of Palk Bay and Palk Strait.

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Key words: Palk Bay, physcio – Chemical characteristics, water quality

Abstract

Palk Bay and Palk Strait constitute an important marine ecosystem in northern Sri Lanka, forming a shallow water basin separated by Pamban Island, Adam's bridge and Mannar Island, This has also received focus due to dredging activities connected to Sethusamudram Ship Canal project.

In this context, recent findings on physico-chemical characteristic of the waters in the Palk Bay and Palk Strait are important as they form baseline data after a gap of over two decades. Water quality analysis were done in February 2004 in Mannar and October – November 2004 in Kankesanturai (KKS) as part of the rapid surveys undertaken. Surface water samples and samples at a depth at 10 m were analyzed for physico- chemical properties.

The results obtained for surface waters were temperature 29.68 ± 0.237 ⁰C, pH 7.975±0.040, Electrical Conductivity 52.45±0.507 mS, Turbidity 4.085±0.273 NTU, Dissolved oxygen 14.82±0.214 mg/l, Total Suspended Solids (TSS) 13.9±2.854 mg/l, Ammoniacal nitrogen 0.0422±0.007 mg/l, Phosphate 0.0031±0.003 mg/l, Nitrite nitrogen 0.0144±0.003 mg/l, Nitrate nitrogen 0.1592±0.111 mg/l, Sulphate 35.21±5.768 mg/l, Chloride 9768.75±824.968 mg/l, Oil & Grease 9±8.679 mg/l, and Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) 592 mg/l. All the parameters studied shown acceptable levels for the marine and coastal water quality and the draft Environmental quality standards and designation of water use in Sri Lanka.

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